Policy-based Access Control for Task Computing Using Rei

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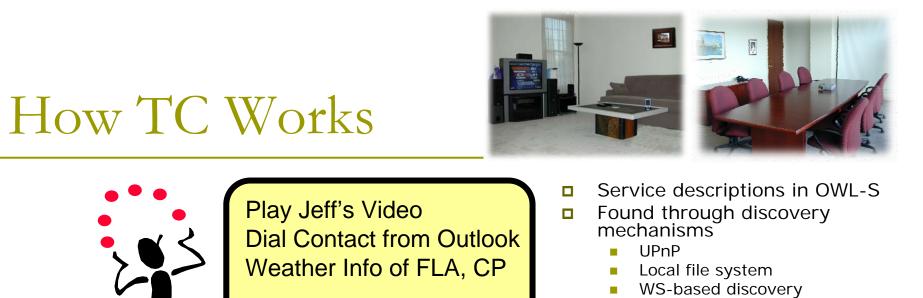
Outline

Task Computing
Rei
Policy-based Access Control
Summary

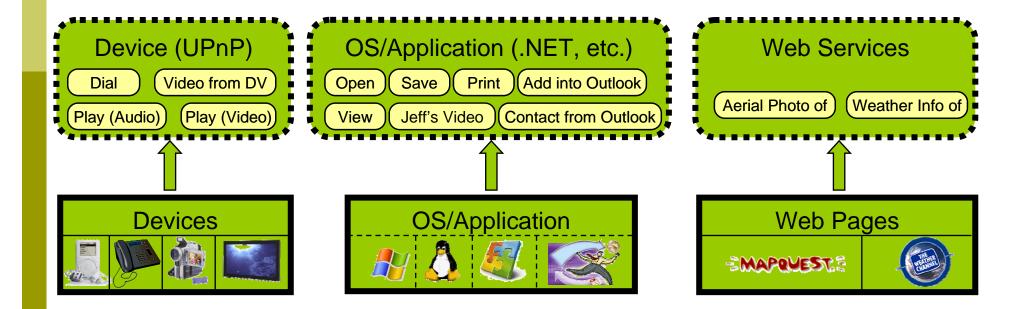
Task Computing (TC)

Lets end-users accomplish complex tasks on the fly

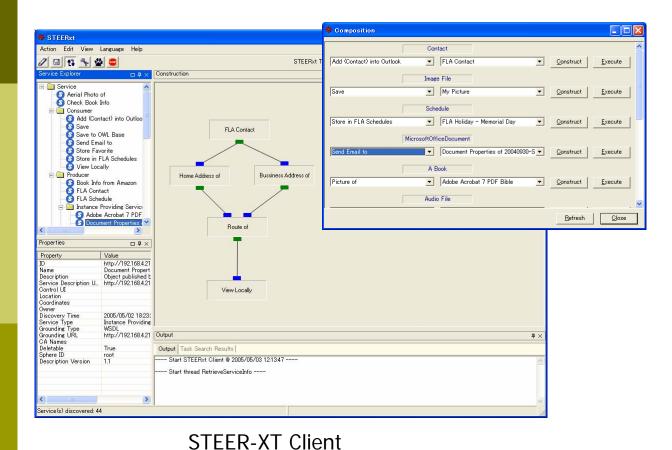
- With an open, dynamic, and distributed "universe of networkaccessible resources" in ubiquitous computing environments and on the Internet
- Developed jointly Fujitsu Labs and MINDSwap of Univ. of Maryland and being productized by Fujitsu
- Based on Semantic Web technologies OWL, OWL-S
- Many kinds of TC Clients
 - STEER-XT (Full client), Voice, Graphical, Gesture, etc.
 - Internationalized with eight languages
 - To accommodate many modalities with help of semantics
- Semantic Services Building blocks for user's task
 - 50+ kinds of local, pervasive, and remote services implemented
 - Use of third-party Web Services from Amazon, Google, Yahoo
- TC Demo at the DevDay on Saturday (5/14)



 Lets the end-users manipulate and execute tasks as service compositions



TC Clients



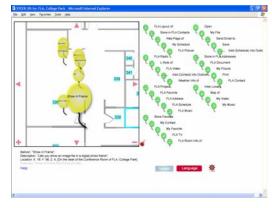
Tasklet TCC

Check in Book

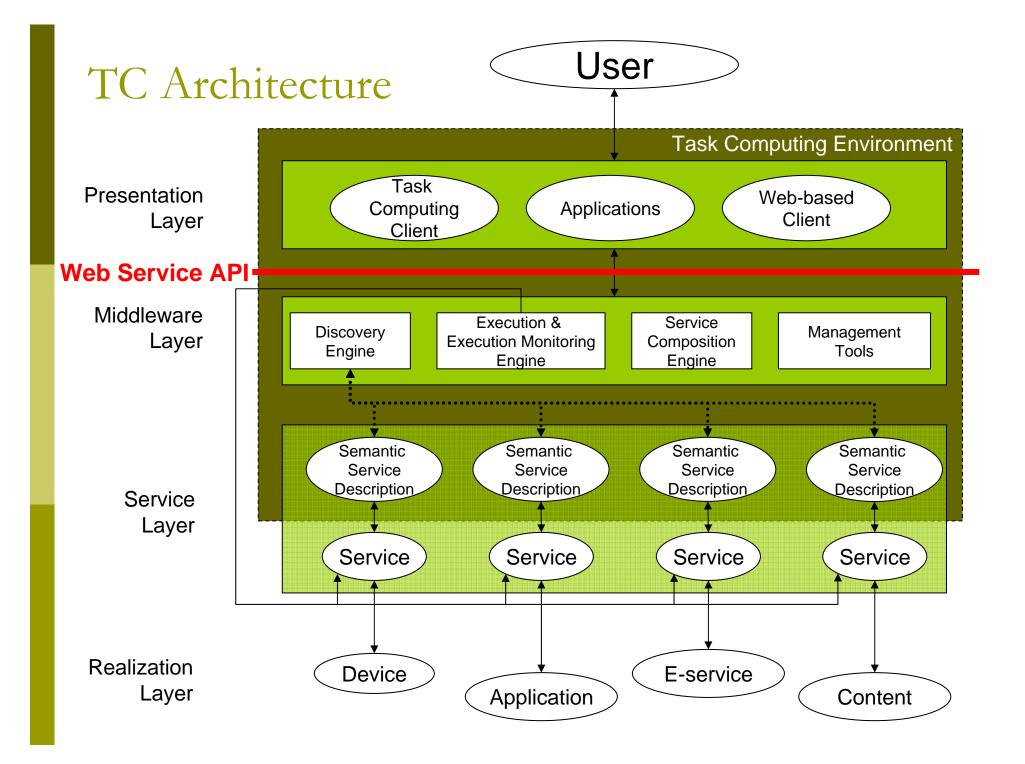
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VoiceSTEER







Policies for Task Computing

- We define policies as norms of behavior
 - Describe *ideal behavior* (security, privacy, management, etc.)
 - Positive and negative authorizations & obligations
 - Policies are defined over 'classes' of entities and actions defined by constraints on attributes of the action, actor, target, and the general context – not just on identities
- Useful for Task Computing
 - Presence of large number of resources
 - Policies provide high-level control of entities in the environment
 - Resources and clients not predetermined
 - Policies are based on attributes and not identities
 - Constantly evolving
 - Policies allow the behavior of entities to be dynamically modified

Rei Policy Spec Language

A declarative policy specification language

- Rules over permitted and obligated domain actions
- Represented in OWL-Lite + logical variables
 - Rule-based approach
 - Increased expressivity as it can express relations like role-value maps that are not currently possible in RDF or OWL
 - OWL extension is subset of SWRL
- Reasons over domain dependent information in RDF and OWL
 - F-OWL reasoner



Rei Policy Spec Language

Policy Engine

- Answers queries about policies and domain knowledge
- Example : Can X perform action Y on resource Z ? What are the current obligations of X ? What actions can X perform on resource/service Z ?
- Analysis tools
 - Verifying whether the given set of test cases is satisfied
 - Performing what-if analysis for testing the impact of changes to policies or domain knowledge
- Interface
 - Java API
 - Simple GUI in Protégé
 - GUI in Eclipse (under construction)

Motivations and Design Goals

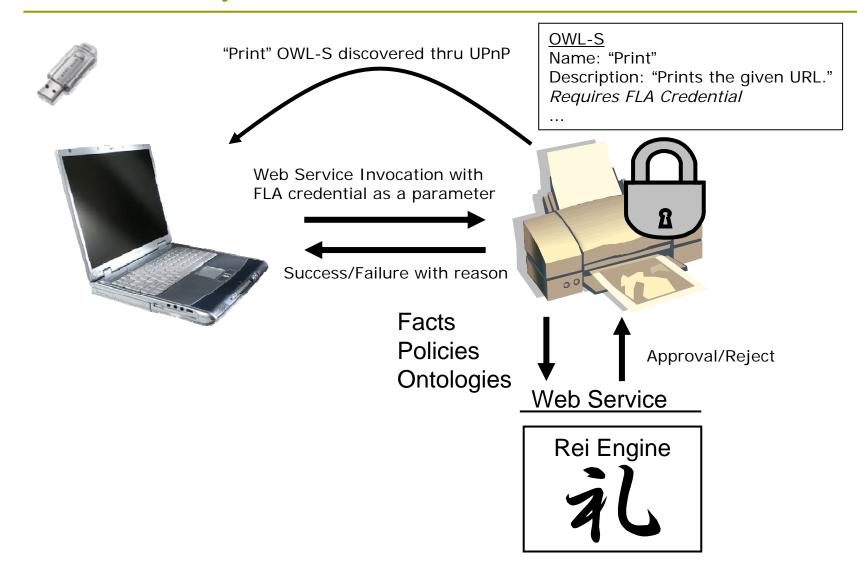
TC apparently needs access control

- It made it very easy to use dynamically found resources
- Very dynamic and open ubiquitous environment requires:
 - Rule-based approach, not identity- nor role-based access control
- Design goals
 - Minimally obtrusive for users
 - Without spoiling TC user experience
 - Enable both centralized/distributed solutions
 - Allow multiple certificate authorities
 - Secure dynamic delegation

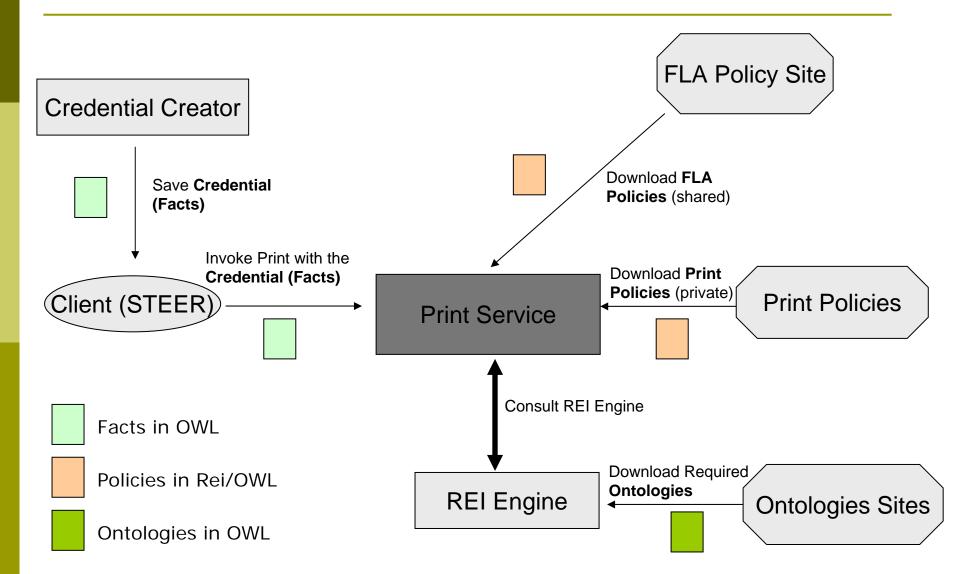
Check-in

At the reception	<rdfs:label lang="en">Mohinder Chorpa</rdfs:label> <flaonto:name>Mohinder Chorpa</flaonto:name> <flaonto:expiry>2004-08-23T23:05:28Z</flaonto:expiry> <flaonto:status>&flaontoFLACPVisitor</flaonto:status> <flaonto:affiliation>UMBC</flaonto:affiliation> <signature xmins="http://www.s.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"> SignedInfo></signature>	
Enter Individual Details	 <signaturevalue>ZrbEVA7JvVWGNbpqcJo6dDw= </signaturevalue> 	Digital Signaure
FLA Status Intern		
Location FLA, College Park		
Affiliation FLA Enter Expiry Date and Time August 17, 2004 05 00 PM 💌		
Sign Credential	STEER + Credential STEER-Stick	

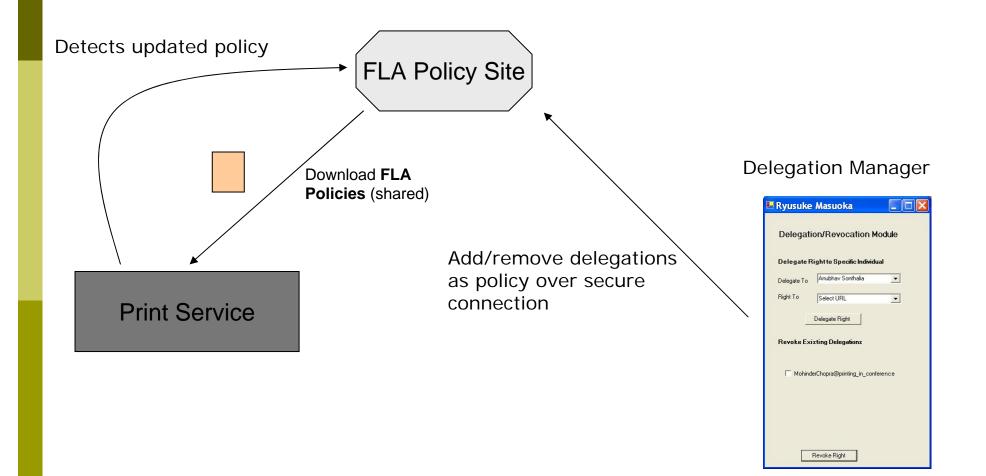
Discovery, Invocation, Authentication



Mix and Match at the Service



Delegation



Facts, Policies, Ontologies, Queries

■ Facts:

- Mohinder is a FLACP Visitor
- Policies (Private)
 - An employee can print
- Policies (Shared)
 - A senior employee can delegate the right to print (delegation)
 - Ryu delegates Mohinder the right to print
- Ontology
 - Ryu is a research fellow
 - A research fellow is a senior employee
- Queries
 - Can Mohinder print?

<!- Fact from Task Computing client -->

<rdf:RDF ...>

<rdfs:label lang=en>Mohinder Chopra</rdfs:label></rdfs:labelang=en>Mohinder Chopra</rdfs:label></rd><flaonto:Name</td>...>Mohinder Chopra</rd><flaonto:Expiry</td>...>2004-08-23T23:05:28Z</rd><flaonto:Status</td>...>&flaonto;FLACPVisitor</rd><flaonto:Status</td>...>&flaonto;FLACPVisitor</rd><flaonto:Affiliation</td>...>UMBC</rd><Signature xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"><SignedInfo>

... </SignedInfo>

<SignatureValue>ZrbEVA7JWWGNbpqc...Jo6dDw=</SignatureValue> </Signature> </rdf:RDF>

<!- Printer Private Policy -->

...

<!- Delegation Inserted (and Removed) in Shared Policy--> <action:Delegation</p>

rdf:ID="Delegation2004-08-23T19:32:19ZRyusukeMasuoka"> <action:sender rdf:resource="&inst;RyusukeMasuoka"/> <action:receiver rdf:resource="&inst;MohinderChorpa"/> <action:content>

- <deontic:Permission>
- <deontic:action rdf:resource="&inst;ASeniorEmployeePrintingAction"/>
- </deontic:Permission>
- </action:content>

</action:Delegation>

Other Scenarios

A senior employee gives to a class of users, the right to use a class of resources.

- User class: Ex. all visitors from UMBC on Jan 31st
- Resource class: Ex. all devices in the conference room
- Service policy check by client prior to invocation
 - Service policy in the OWL-S file
- Multiple CA's
 - Multiple CA's listed in the OWL-S file
 - Client have multiple credentials

Design Goals Revisited

- Minimally obtrusive for users
- Enable both centralized/distributed solutions
- Allow multiple certificate authorities
 Secure dynamic delegation

Summary

Unobtrusive and flexible access control for Task Computing is implemented using Rei policy engine

Future work

- Discovery security
- Service authentication by client
 - Service facts in the OWL-S file
- Explanation and negotiation