

Syntax Directed Translation

Syntax directed translation

- Yacc can do a simple kind of syntax directed translation from an input sentence to C code
- We can also think of it as compilation
- Each node in a parse tree produces a value
 - That value depends on the type of the node
 - And on the values produced by its children
- The value is usually produced by a *rule* associated with the node
- This is just the rules in Yacc, e.g.:
 - { \$\$ = \$1 + \$3; }

Why is a 200 after this?

```

pcalc> calc
331 Calculator
(type ? for help and . to exit)

>> = a 1
1

>> if 1 (= a 100) (= a 200)
100

>> a
200

>>

```

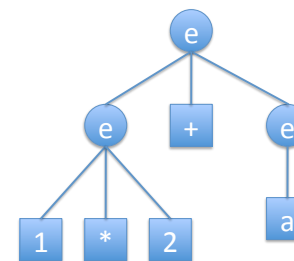
Example

```

e: e '+' e   {$$ = $1+$3;}
| e '*' e   {$$ = $1*$3;}
| NAME     {$$ = $1->value;}
| NUMBER  {$$ = $1;}

```

```
1 * 2 + a
```



grammar + input string => parse tree

Example

```

e: e '+' e   {$$ = $1+$3;}
| e '*' e   {$$ = $1*$3;}
| NAME     {$$ = $1->value;}
| NUMBER  {$$ = $1;}
            
```

1 * 2 + a

grammar + input string => parse tree + annotations

Example

```

e: e '+' e   {$$ = $1+$3;}
| e '*' e   {$$ = $1*$3;}
| NAME     {$$ = $1->value;}
| NUMBER  {$$ = $1;}
            
```

1 * 2 + a

Do a post order traversal of the annotated parse tree to determine the execution order of the nodes.

Conditionals

- If evaluates all three args and selects the value to return
- Evaluation is bottom up, left to right
- Watch out for side effects!